### **APPENDICES**

Appendix 1: Petition for Return of Minor Child with exhibits giving rise to rights of custody

Appendix 2: Declaration Establishing the Habitual Residence of the Child(ren)

Appendix 3: Petition for Warrant in Lieu of Writ of Habeas Corpus

Appendix 4: Notice of Petition Under Hague Convention also known as *Notice of Hearing* 

Appendix 5: Notice of Stay of Custody Proceedings

Appendix 6: proposed Order Directing Return of Minor Child

Appendix 7: proposed Order for Issuance of Warrant in Lieu of Writ of Habeas Corpus

Appendix 8: proposed Warrant in Lieu of Writ of Habeas Corpus

Appendix 9: Motion For Attorney Fees and Costs Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 11601, et seq. and 42

U.S.C. 11607(b)(3), and Certain Ancillary Relief

Appendix 10: Complaint

1 2 3 4 5	LAW OFFICE OF MARSHAL S. WILLICK, P.C. MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 002515 3551 E. Bonanza Road, Suite 101 Las Vegas, NV 89110-2198 (702) 438-4100 (phone) (702) 438-5311 (facsimile) Attorney for Petitioner		
7 8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEVADA		
9			
10	JANE DOE,	CV-S-02	
11	Petitioner,		
12	VS.		
13	JOHN DOE,		
14	Respondent.		
15	PETITION FOR RETURN OF CI	HILD TO PETITIONER	
16 17	This petition is brought pursuant to the Ha	ague Convention on the Civil Aspect	ts of
18	International Child Abduction, done at the Hague on October 25, 1980 ("Convention") and		d its
19	implementing legislation, the International Child Abduc	etion Remedies Act ("ICARA"), 42 U.S	S.C.
20	§§ 11601-11610. The Convention went into effect on July 1, 1988.		
21	The objects of the Convention are:		
22	Article 1(a): To secure the prompt return of chi	ldren wrongfully removed to or retaine	ed in
23	any Contracting State; and		
24	Article 1(b): To ensure that rights of custody and	of access under the law of one Contrac	eting
25	State are effectively respected in the other Contr	racting States.	
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### **CUSTODY PROCEEDINGS IN COUNTRY**

The status of custody proceedings in COUNTRY are set forth in the DUUCCJA. That Country has [**DETAILS**; ie issued an order...etc], which order is attached as Exhibit 2.

The courts of this state are requested to stay any other proceedings concerning the custody of the child as required by Article 16 of the Convention.

### PROVISIONAL REMEDIES (42 U.S.C. § 11604)

Petitioner, for reasons set forth in the Petition for Warrant in Lieu of Habeas Corpus, believes that Respondent, upon being informed of these proceedings, will further abduct and secrete the child. Petitioner therefore requests that this court, upon review of the Attached Petition for Warrant in Lieu of Habeas Corpus, at once issue the Warrant in Lieu of Habeas Corpus requiring any and all law enforcement officials of the State of Nevada to take the child into immediate custody and place the child in Child Haven, or into the custody of the minor's mother, JANE DOE, until a determination is made under this petition or until further order of this Court.

### **RELIEF REQUESTED**

Petitioner requests that the child is to be returned to Petitioner, for the express purpose of permitting the return of the child with Petitioner to COUNTRY pending further custody proceedings to be conducted in that country. Until that can be physically accomplished, the child should remain at Child Haven. Fees should be assessed as set out below.

### NOTICE OF HEARING

Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 11603(c), Respondent should be given notice under NRS 125 A.010, et seq. (UCCJEA), and NRS 125.005 et seq., once the child has been secured to a safe facility, of the proceedings under the Petition for return of the child to COUNTRY.

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### ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS

Pursuant to Article 26 of the Convention, and 42 U.S.C. § 11607, counsel for Petitioner should be granted an award of fees and costs incurred by Petitioner as a result of the wrongful removal of the child by Respondent. Authority to grant an award to Petitioner for her attorney's fees, costs, and necessary expenses is provided in both the Convention and ICARA.

## 1. The Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction, Done at the Hague on 25 October 1980.

The Convention's Article 26 provides, in relevant part:

Upon ordering the return of a child or issuing an order concerning rights of access under this Convention, the judicial or administrative authorities may, where appropriate, direct the person who removed or retained the child, or who prevented the exercise of rights of access, to pay necessary expenses incurred by or on behalf of the applicant, including travel expenses, any costs incurred or payments made for locating the child, the costs of legal representation of the applicant, and those of returning the child.

Thus, the Convention envisions the person who wrongfully removed a child be required to bear the costs of the child's return, and provides the deciding courts with the ability to place the burden on the Respondent. While the Convention uses permissive language, ICARA goes a step further, making the award mandatory in the absence of express findings otherwise.

### 2. International Child Abduction Remedies Act

Section 11607(b)(3) of ICARA *mandates* any court ordering the return of a child under the Convention to award fees and costs to the petitioner:

Any court ordering the return of a child pursuant to an action brought under section 4 *shall* order the respondent to pay necessary expenses incurred by or on behalf of the petitioner, including court costs, legal fees, foster home or other care during the course of proceedings in the action, and transportation costs related to the return of the child, unless the respondent establishes that such order would be clearly inappropriate.

(Emphasis added.) See also Feder v. Evans-Feder, 63 F.3d 217, 226 (3d Cir. 1995).

Thus, the Convention states that a court *may* make an award when appropriate, and ICARA *compels* the court to make an award to the petitioner, unless the respondent can demonstrate the "inappropriateness" of such an award.

#### **3.** Purpose of the Award and Types of Fees and Costs that May be Awarded

The purpose behind the award is twofold: to place the parties in the condition in which they were prior to the wrongful removal (or retention), and to provide deterrence against future similar conduct by the wrongdoing party. See Text & Legal Analysis, 51 Fed. Reg. 10494, 10511 (1986); Roszkowski v. Roszkowska, 274 N.J. Super. 620, 644 A.2d 1150, 1160 (1993) (provisions of ICARA relating to fees referred to as a "sanction").

The types of fees and costs that have been awarded include fees for counsel in both the place from which the children were taken, and the place they were taken to, where the recovery action is heard, travel expenses and living expenses while in the requested state, and court costs. There are no guidelines set forth in either the Convention or the ICARA as to the "appropriateness" of an award of fees, and most courts have routinely made or authorized awards of the fees and costs actually incurred, without any substantial discussion regarding the manner in which the awards should be calculated. See Wanninger v. Wanninger, 850 F. Supp. 78, 83 (D. Mass 1994); Caro v. Sher, 296 N.J. Super. 594, 687 A.2d 354, 362 (1996).

Attached as Exhibit 2 is Petitioner's billing statement as of date of the filing this Petition. A more current billing statement will be provided to the court at the time of the hearing, along with a list of Petitioner's expenses incurred for her to be present at the hearing.

DATED this	dav of	. 200

LAW OFFICE OF MARSHAL S. WILLICK, P.C.

MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESQ.

ROBERT CERCEO, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 005247

2.4

3551 E. Bonanza Road, Suite 101

Las Vegas, Nevada 89110-2198

25

(702) 438-4100

26

Attorneys for Petitioner

Nevada Bar No. 002515

27

1	VERIFICATION BY ATTORNEY
2	STATE OF NEVADA )
3	: ss. COUNTY OF CLARK )
4	Robert Cerceo, Esq., first being duly sworn, deposes and says:
5	That I am an attorney licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada, and the United State
6	District Court District of Nevada, I am employed by the LAW OFFICE OF MARSHAL S. WILLICK
7	P. C. and am one of the Nevada attorneys representing Ms. JANE DOE, the Petitioner in this action
8	pursuant to NRS 15.010 this verification is being made on behalf of Petitioner because she is abser
9	from the State of Nevada, County of Clark; I have read the above Petition and know the content
10	thereof as true, except as to the matters that are stated therein on my information and belief, and a
11	to those matters, I believe them to be true. I declare under penalties of perjury under the laws of th
12	State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.
13	ROBERT CERCEO, ESQ.
14	ROZZIII CZRCZO, ZOQI
15	SIGNED and SWORN to before me this day of, 200
16	
17	NOTARY PUBLIC in and for said
18	County and State
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LAW OFFICE OF MARSHAL S. WILLICK, P.C. 3551 East Bonanza Road Suite 101 Las Vegas, NV 89110-2198 (702) 438-4100

1	LAW OFFICE OF MARSHAL S. WILLICK, P.C.	
2	MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 002515	
3	3551 E. Bonanza Road, Suite 101 Las Vegas, NV 89110-2198	
4	(702) 438-4100 (phone) (702) 438-5311 (facsimile)	
5	Attorney for Petitioner	
6		
7	UNITED STATES DISTR DISTRICT OF NE	
8		
9	JANE DOE,	
10	Petitioner,	CV-S-02 ( )
11	VS.	
12	JOHN DOE,	
13	Respondent.	
14		
15	DECLARATION	
16	UNIFORM CHILD CUSTODY NRS 125A	JURISDICTION ACT
17		
18	1. There is one (1) child of the parties subj	ect to this proceeding. The name, place of
19	birth, birth date and sex of the child, the present address	, periods of residence and places where the
20	child has lived within the last five (5) years, and the nat	me, present address and relationship to the
21	child of each person with whom the child has lived dur	ing the time are:
22	Child's Name:	
23	Place of Birth:	
24	Birth date: Sex:	
25	Period of Residence:	
26	Address:	
27		
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**Person Child Lived With:** Relationship: Address: 2. I have participated as a party, witness, or in any other capacity in any other litigation or custody proceeding in this or any other state concerning custody of a child involved in this proceeding. 3. I do not have information of any custody proceeding pending in a court of this or any other state concerning a child involved in this proceeding other than that set out in Item 2 above. 4. I do not know of any person not a party to this proceeding who has physical custody or claims to have custody or visitation rights with respect to any child subject to this proceeding. 

1	VERIFICATION BY ATTORNEY	
2	STATE OF NEVADA )	
3	: ss. COUNTY OF CLARK )	
4	Robert Cerceo, Esq., first being duly sworn, deposes and says:	
5	That I am an attorney licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada, and the United	States
6	District Court District of Nevada, I am employed by the LAW OFFICE OF MARSHAL S. WIL	LICK,
7	P. C. and am one of the Nevada attorneys representing Ms. JANE DOE, the Petitioner in this a	ction;
8	pursuant to NRS 15.010 this verification is being made on behalf of Petitioner because she is	ıbsent
9	from the State of Nevada, County of Clark; I have read the above Petition and know the co	ntents
10	thereof as true, except as to the matters that are stated therein on my information and belief,	and as
11	to those matters, I believe them to be true. I declare under penalties of perjury under the laws	of the
12	State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.	
13		
14	DODEDT CEDCEO, ESO	
15	ROBERT CERCEO, ESQ.	
16	SIGNED and SWORN to before me this	
17	day of, 200	
18	NOTARY PUBLIC in and for said	
19	County and State	
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LAW OFFICE OF
MARSHAL S. WILLICK, P.C.
3551 East Bonanza Road
Suite 101
Las Vegas, NV 89110-2198
(702) 438-4100

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3	3551 E. Bonanza Road, Suite 101 Las Vegas, NV 89110-2198		
4	(702) 438-4100 (phone) (702) 438-5311 (facsimile)		
5	Attorney for Petitioner		
6			
7	UNITED STATES DISTR DISTRICT OF NE		
8	DISTRICT OF IVE	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
9	JANE DOE,		
10	Petitioner,	CV-S-02 ( )	
11	vs.		
12	JOHN DOE,		
13 14	Respondent.		
15	PETITION FOR WA	ARRANT	
16	IN LIEU OF A WRIT OF H	ABEAS CORPUS	
17	The Convention on the Civil Aspects of In done at the Hague on 25	5 Oct 1980	
18	International Child Abduction Remedi NRS 125A.120	0 les Act, 42 U.S.C., 11604	
19	ALLECATIONS OF DETITIONED		
20	ALLEGATIONS OF PETITIONER	\$11(02(5) who has a right of quantity	_ 4
21	Petitioner is a person as defined by 42 U.S.C.		
22	CHILD born on, for whom this petition been breached within the meaning of Article 3 of 2	-	
23	International Child Abduction, done at the Hague on 23		נכ
24	CHILD is being illegally held in custody, con	, , ,	21
25	ADDRESS, Las Vegas, Nevada 891XX, USA.	innement, or restraint by JOHN DOE 8	al
26	ADDICESS, Las vegas, nevaua 091AA, USA.		
27			
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1	The parents were married on, and cohabited until
2	when the Respondent and child left
3	On, the Respondent wrongfully removed the child within
4	the meaning of Article 3 of the Convention and has since failed to return the child to the Petitioner
5	[DETAILS].
6	The petitioner is duly concerned for the welfare of CHILD since the Respondent [DETAILS]
7	[POSSIBLE WORDING: ] It is possible that CHILD is in danger. Additionally, since
8	Respondent has been in hiding in Las Vegas, it is also possible that he will attempt to flee from the
9	authorities and hide in another location.
10	Petitioner believes that the child will be removed from the jurisdiction of the court or wil
11	suffer some irreparable injury unless a warrant is issued. It is therefore necessary for the child to be
12	taken into immediate custody by the court to prevent any harm coming to the child and to preven
13	Respondent from fleeing further.
14	OTHER APPLICATIONS
15	A PETITION for the return of the child has been filed contemporaneously with this Petition
16	for Warrant in Lieu of Writ of Habeas Corpus. No other applications for a writ of habeas corpus of
17	a warrant in lieu of writ has been made by Petitioner or on behalf of the child in regard to the said
18	restraint or injury.
19	**********
20	*********
21	********
22	*******
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1	RELIEF REQUESTED	
2	The petitioner prays that a Warrant in Lieu of Writ of Habeas Corpus be issued, directing	ng any
3	police officer in the State of Nevada, or any federal officer, to bring the Respondents and the	child
4	immediately before this Court.	
5	DATED this day of, 200	
6		
7	Law Office of Marshal S. Willick, P.C.	
8		
9	MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 002515	
10	ROBERT CERCEO, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 005247	
11	3551 E. Bonanza Road, Suite 101	
12	Las Vegas, Nevada 89110-2198 (702) 438-4100 Attorneys for Petitioner	
13	recome your rectioner	
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1	VERIFICATION BY ATTORNEY	
2	STATE OF NEVADA ) : ss.	
3	COUNTY OF CLARK )	
4	Robert Cerceo, Esq., first being duly sworn, deposes and says:	
5	That I am an attorney licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada, and the United	States
6	District Court District of Nevada, I am employed by the LAW OFFICE OF MARSHAL S. WII	LICK,
7	P. C. and am one of the Nevada attorneys representing Ms. JANE DOE, the Petitioner in this a	ction;
8	pursuant to NRS 15.010 this verification is being made on behalf of Petitioner because she is	ibsent
9	from the State of Nevada, County of Clark; I have read the above Petition and know the co	ntents
10	thereof as true, except as to the matters that are stated therein on my information and belief,	and as
11	to those matters, I believe them to be true. I declare under penalties of perjury under the laws	of the
12	State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.	
13		
14	ROBERT CERCEO, ESQ.	
15	ROBERT CERCEO, ESQ.	
16	SIGNED and SWORN to before me this day of, 200	
17		
18	NOTARY PUBLIC in and for said	
19	County and State	
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LAW OFFICE OF
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Suite 101 Las Vegas, NV 89110-2198 (702) 438-4100

1	Law Office of Marshal S. Willick, P.C. MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESQ.		
2	Nevada Bar No. 002515 3551 E. Bonanza Road, Suite 101		
3	Las Vegas, NV 89110-2198 (702) 438-4100 (phone)		
4	(702) 438-5311 (facsimile) Attorney for Petitioner		
5			
6			
7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
8	DISTRICT OF NE	VADA	
9	JANE DOE,	1	
10	Petitioner,	CV-S-01	
11	ŕ		
12	VS.		
13	JOHN DOE,		
14	Respondent.		
15	NOTICE OF PETITION UNDER	HAGUE CONVENTION	
16	The Convention on the Civil Aspects of Ir	nternational Child Abduction,	
17	done at the Hague on 2 International Child Abduction Remedies		
18	TO: JOHN DOE, Respondent.		
19	YOU AND EACH OF YOU please take notice t	hat a <i>Petition for Return of Child</i> has be	er
20	filed with the United States District Court. A hearing is	s scheduled at the Lloyd D. George Uni	tec
21	States Courthouse, United States District Court, 333 La	as Vegas Blvd. South, Las Vegas, Neva	da
22	in Court Room 6, before the Honorable Judge	, on the day of	
23	<b>200</b> , at the hour of o'clockm.		
24	You are ordered to appear personally with CHILI	O at the aforesaid hearing. Failure to app	eai
25	personally, with or without CHILD may result in a deci	sion adverse to you.	
26	****		
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1	ORDER
2	is hereby <b>Ordered To Appear</b> with CHILD at the above time and
3	place.
4	DATED this day of, 200
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6	
7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
8	CIVITED STATES DISTRICT SUDUE
9	Respectfully Submitted by:
10	LAW OFFICE OF MARSHAL S. WILLICK, P.C.
11	
12	MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESO.
13	MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 002515 3551 E. Bonanza Road, Suite 101
14	Las Vegas, Nevada 89110-2198 (702) 438-4100
15	Àttorneys for Plaintiff
16	
17	
18	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
19	I hereby certify that service of the foregoing Notice of Petition Under Hague Convention
20	pursuant to NRCP 11 was made on the day of, 200, by Hand Delivery
21	of a true copy of the same, to the following addresses:
22	JOHN DOE ADDRESS
23	
24	An amplemental Typ Law Opping on Mangyay C. Wyyang D.C.
25	An employee with The Law Office of Marshal S. Willick, P.C.
<ul><li>26</li><li>27</li></ul>	
28	
, P.C.	

LAW OFFICE OF MARSHAL S. WILLICK, P.C. 3551 East Bonanza Road

Suite 101 Las Vegas, NV 89110-2198 (702) 438-4100

1	LAW OFFICE OF MARSHAL S. WILLICK, P.C.	
2	MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 002515	
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4	(702) 438-4100 (phone) (702) 438-5311 (facsimile)	
5	Attorney for Petitioner	
6		
7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
8	DISTRICT OF NEVADA	
9		
10	JANE DOE,  CV-S-02	
11	Petitioner,	
12	VS.	
13	JOHN DOE,	
14	Respondent.	
15 16	NOTICE OF STAY	
17	The Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction, done at the Hague on 25 Oct 1980 International Child Abduction Remedies Act, 42 U.S.C. 11601et seq.	
18	NOTICE OF STAY OF EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF NEVADA AC	ΓΙΟΝ
19	Pursuant to Article 16 of The Convention on the Civil Aspects of International	Child
20	Abduction, done at the Hague on 25 October 1980 [Convention], you are hereby notified	that a
21	Petition for Return of Child will be filed in the appropriate court in Clark County, Nevada,	on o
22	before, 200	
23	Pursuant to Article 16 of the Convention, all actions before the Eighth Judicial District	Cour
24	of Nevada concerning the merits of the rights of custody of the parties are, as a mat	ter of
25 26	International Law, stayed pending the determination of the aforesaid Federal action.	
26	***	
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1	The complete text of Article 16 is as follows:	
2	After receiving metics of a summerful new eval on retention of a shild in the same of	
3	After receiving notice of a wrongful removal or retention of a child in the sense Article 3, the judicial or administrative authorities of the Contracting State to whith the child has been removed or in which it has been retained shall not decide on the child has been removed.	
4	merits of rights of custody until it has been determined that the child is not to be	
5	returned under this Convention or unless an application under this Convention is not lodged within a reasonable time following receipt of the notice.	
6	DATED thisday of	
7	Respectfully submitted by:	
8	Law Office of Marshal S. Willick, P.C.	
9		
10		
11	MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESQ.	
12	Nevada Bar No. 002515 ROBERT CERCEO, ESQ.	
Nevada Bar No. 005247  3551 E. Bonanza Road, Suite 101  Las Vacas Navada 20110 2108		
14	Las Vegas, Nevada 89110-2198 (702) 438-4100	
15	Attorneys for Petitioner	
16		
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1	Law Office of Marshal S. Willick, P.C.
2	MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 002515
3	3551 E. Bonanza Road, Suite 101 Las Vegas, NV 89110-2198
4	(702) 438-4100 (phone) (702) 438-5311 (facsimile)
5	Attorney for Petitioner
6	
7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
8	DISTRICT OF NEVADA
9	
10	JANE DOE,  CV-S-02
11	Petitioner,
12	VS.
13	JOHN DOE,
14	Respondent.
15	ORDER DIRECTING RETURN OF MINOR
16	The Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction,
17	done at the Hague on 25 Oct 1980 International Child Abduction Remedies Act, 42 U.S.C. § 11601et seq.
18	
19	ORDER FOR RETURN OF CHILD
20	The court orders, pursuant to the provisions of the Convention on the Civil Aspects
21	International Child Abduction, done at the Hague on 25 Oct 1980 and/or the International Child
22	Abduction Remedies Act, 42 U.S.C. § 11601et seq., that the minor, NAME OF CHILD, born
23	be returned in the company of his mother to COUNTRY, and that said return be reported to the
24	appropriate Central Authority.
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1 2	LAW OFFICE OF MARSHAL S. WILLICK, P.C. MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 002515		
3	3551 E. Bonanza Road, Suite 101 Las Vegas, NV 89110-2198		
4	(702) 438-4100 (phone) (702) 438-5311 (facsimile)		
5	Attorney for Petitioner		
6			
7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEVADA		
9			
10	JANE DOE,		
11	Petitioner, CV-S-01		
12	VS.		
13	JOHN DOE,		
14	Respondent.		
15	ODDED FOR ISSUANCE OF WARRANT		
16	ORDER FOR ISSUANCE OF WARRANT IN LIEU OF WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS The Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction		
17	The Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction, done at the Hague on 25 Oct 1980 Article 7(b) International Child Abduction Remedies Act, 42 U.S.C. 11604		
18	NRS 125A		
19	ORDER FOR ISSUANCE OF WARRANT IN LIEU OF WRIT OF HABEAS CORPL	I <b>C</b>	
20	Upon filing and reading of the PETITION FOR RETURN OF CHILD PURSUANT TO		
21	CONVENTION and the International Child Abduction Remedies Act and Petitioner's PETI		
22	FOR A WARRANT IN LIEU OF WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS, it appears that NAME OF CI		
23	a person under the age of sixteen (16) years, is illegally held in custody, confinement, or restra		
24	JOHN DOE at ADDRESS, Las Vegas, Nevada 891XX, County of Clark, and from which it at	-	
25	that a Warrant should issue in lieu of Writ of Habeas Corpus.	pour	
26	*****		
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1	AUTHORITY TO SEARCH PREMISES	
2	This order gives the U.S. Marshal or any of his/her deputies and any peace officer within	
3	State of Nevada the authority to use any and all force to enter and search the premises of JOHN D	
4	at ADDRESS, Las Vegas, Nevada 891XX, or any other place where CHILD is reasonably believed	
5	to be present, for the purpose of determining whether CHILD is present.	
6	Court's Initial:	
7	ORDER	
8	The above is hereby ORDERED including all items set forth in the above paragraphs the	ıat are
9	initialed by the court.	
10	<b>DATED THIS</b> day of, 200	
11	DATED THIS day of, 200	
12		
13		
14	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDG	E
15	Respectfully submitted by:	
16	Law Office of Marshal S. Willick, P.C.	
17	Zith office of Manding St Willer, Tier	
18	MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESO.	
19	MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 002515 ROBERT CERCEO, ESQ.	
20	Nevada Bar No. 005247 3551 E. Bonanza Road, Suite 101	
21	Las Vegas, Nevada 89110-2198 (702) 438-4100	
22	Attorneys for Petitioner	
23		
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25		
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27		
28	-30-	

-31-

1	Law Office of Marshal S. Willick, P.C. MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 002515		
	3551 E. Bonanza Road, Suite 101		
3	Las Vegas, NV 89110-2198 (702) 438-4100 (phone)		
4	(702) 438-5311 (facsimile) Attorney for Petitioner		
5			
6 7	ANALON OF A TIPE DAGED	ICT COURT	
·	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEVADA		
8			
9	JANE DOE,		
10	Petitioner,	CV-S-02	
11	vs.		
12	JOHN DOE,		
13	Respondent.		
14			
15	WARRANT IN LIEU OF WRIT	OF HAREAS CORPUS	
16	The Convention on the Civil Aspects of In	ternational Child Abduction,	
17	done at the Hague on 25 Oct 1980 Article 7(b) International Child Abduction Remedies Act, 42 U.S.C. 11604 NRS 125A		
18	IVKS 123A		
19	THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA TO:		
20	The U.S. Marshal or any of his/her deputies and any PEACE OFFICER within the State		te of
21	Nevada		
22	ORDER OF THE COURT		
23	It appearing to the Court, from the filing of a petit	ion for a Warrant in Lieu of Writ of Ha	abeas
24	Corpus, that NAME OF CHILD, a person under the ag	e of sixteen (16) years, is illegally he	eld in
25	custody, confinement, or restraint by JOHN DOE at ADI	ORESS, Las Vegas, Nevada 891XX, U	JSA,
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27			
28	-32-		
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1	and there is reason to believe CHILD will be carried out of the jurisdiction or suffer some irreparable
2	injury;
3	YOU ARE COMMANDED TO:
4	Take into protective custody NAME OF CHILD before the Honorable
5	in the courtroom of Department at the Federal Courthouse,
6	at 333 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Las Vegas, Nevada, or if court is not in session
7	and no other Judge is available, deliver NAME OF CHILD into the custody of Child
8	Haven, located at 601 N. Pecos Road (at Bonanza), Las Vegas, Nevada 89110.
9	Court's Initial:
10	
11	Take into protective custody and deliver NAME OF CHILD and release CHILD to
12	Child Haven where he shall remain in custody until a hearing is scheduled, said
13	hearing to be done promptly.
14	Court's Initial:
15	
16	Take into protective custody NAME OF CHILD, and release CHILD to Petitioner.
17	Petitioner is ordered to immediately calendar a hearing in the courtroom of
18	Department at the Federal Courthouse, at 333 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Las
19	Vegas, Nevada, pending further order of the court.
20	Court's Initial:
21	
22	Serve a copy of the documents listed in Exhibit on JOHN DOE and prepare the
23	appropriate proof of service thereof.
24	Court's Initial:
25	******
26	*****
27	****
28	****

1	AUTHORITY TO SEARCH PREMISES	
2	This Order gives the U.S. Marshal or any of his/her deputies and any peace officer with	in the
3	State of Nevada the authority to use any and all force to enter and search the premises at ADDI	RESS,
4	Las Vegas, Nevada 891XX, or any other place where NAME OF CHILD is reasonably belie	ved to
5	be present, for the purpose of determining whether CHILD is present.	
6	ISSUANCE BY CLERK	
7		
8	Federal Clerk, United States District Court, District of No	evada.
9		
10	DATED this day of, 200	
11		
12		
13	By Deputy	
14	, , ,	
15	Respectfully Submitted By:	
16	Law Office of Marshal S. Willick, P.C.	
17	MADCHAL C WHILION ECO	
18	MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 002515	
19	ROBERT CERCEO, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 005247 3551 E. Bonanza Road, Suite 101	
20	Las Vegas, Nevada 89110-2198 (702) 438-4100	
21	Attorneys for Petitioner	
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LAW OFFICE OF
MARSHAL S. WILLICK, P.C.
3551 East Bonanza Road

Suite 101 Las Vegas, NV 89110-2198 (702) 438-4100

1 2 3 4 5	MOT LAW OFFICE OF MARSHAL S. WILLICK, P.C. MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 002515 3551 E. Bonanza Road, Suite 101 Las Vegas, NV 89110-2198 (702) 438-4100 Attorney for Defendant	
7	DISTRICT COU	
8	FAMILY DIVISION CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA	
9		
10	ROBERT DOE,	CASE NO: D123123 DEPT. NO: I
11	Plaintiff,	DEI I. NO. I
12	VS.	
13	JANE DOE,	DATE OF HEARING: TIME OF HEARING:
14 15	Defendant.	
16	MOTION FOR ATTORNEY	FEES AND COSTS
17	PURSUANT TO 42 U.S.C. 11601, et se	q. and 42 U.S.C. 11607(b)(3),
18	AND CERTAIN ANCILI	LARY RELIEF
19	During extensive litigation (including Robert's	unsuccessful petition for certiorari to the
20	United States Supreme Court), Jane was forced to expend many thousands of dollars and still ow	
21	many more thousands more in her effort to retrieve her wrongfully removed children. Jane	
22	entitled to reimbursement by Robert pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §11601, et seq. and 42 U.S.	
23	§11607(b)(3), as the prevailing party in the Hague Petition. This Motion requests an award of	
24	such fees and costs, and various other relief ancillary thereto.	
25	*******	
26	******	
27	******	

#### NOTICE OF MOTION 1 TO: ROBERT DOE, Plaintiff; and 2 TO: P. JONES, ESQ., his attorney. 3 YOU AND EACH OF YOU will please take notice that the foregoing Motion will be heard 4 in Clark County Family Courthouse, 601 North Pecos (at Bonanza), Las Vegas, Nevada 891 0, on 5 the day of , 2003, at the hour of o'clock .M. or as soon thereafter as 6 counsel can be heard in Department I. 7 LAW OFFICE OF MARSHAL S. WILLICK, P.C., 8 9 10 MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 002515 11 3551 E. Bonanza Road, Suite 101 Las Vegas, Nevada 89110 12 Attorneys for Defendant 13 POINTS AND AUTHORITIES 14 **FACTS** I. 15 As this Department was not involved in the earlier round of lower court proceedings, a brief 16 overview of the history of this case is in order. The parties met in Denmark while Robert was 17 fulfilling his mission for the Mormon church. At Robert's request, Jane followed him to the United 18 States, and the parties married on June , 1990, in Salt Lake City, Utah. The parties settled in 19 Idaho, where both their children were born: L Doe, born May , 1991; and K Doe, born February 20 21 \_\_, 1995. After Robert graduated from college, he obtained employment in Michigan, and the entire 22 family moved to Michigan for a year. He was then transferred to London, England, and in August, 23 1997, the family relocated to London. 24 25 26 <sup>1</sup> A more detailed account of these parties' history is contained in the decision by the Nevada Supreme Doe v. Doe, (cite omitted). Qo⁄ur

The marriage broke down while in London, and the parties decided to divorce. However, since they had been residents of London for less than a year, the required British waiting period was not satisfied, and the London courts lacked jurisdiction to grant a divorce. After researching the matter, and after being informed his mother was moving to Nevada, Robert decided to file for divorce in Nevada. Robert changed his billing address on a few bills to his mother's Nevada address and contacted a Nevada attorney. He informed Jane that these acts constituted a change in his residency to Nevada.

Fearing that Robert would make good his threat to abscond with the children to the United States. Jane petitioned the London court to restrain Robert from leaving the country. The London

Fearing that Robert would make good his threat to abscond with the children to the United States, Jane petitioned the London court to restrain Robert from leaving the country. The London court held Robert's passport (and those of the children and Jane) from June 8, 1998, to July 9, 1998. Immediately after the London court released the passports, both parties signed a very complicated, convoluted marital property and parenting agreement, that had been drafted almost completely according to Robert's wishes.

Per the British Court order, Jane and the children moved to Denmark. Robert briefly visited the United States, and made his way to Las Vegas. On or about July \_\_\_, Robert applied for a Nevada Driver's License and registered to vote in Nevada. Robert signed a *Complaint for Divorce* the same day, falsely claiming to have lived in Las Vegas for the prior six weeks. The *Complaint* was actually filed by Robert's attorney on August \_\_\_, 1998, by which time Robert had returned to London.

The parties' *Decree of Divorce* was entered on August \_\_\_, 1998 – while Robert was residing in London, and Jane and the children were living in Denmark.

The children remained in Denmark with Jane, visiting occasionally with Robert in London or Denmark. In November, 1999, Jane informed Robert of her plans to marry—at which time Robert immediately demanded Jane and the children "honor the agreement" and relocate to the United States. Jane then consulted a Denmark attorney, who reviewed the parties' underlying documents.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Robert got his passport, and Jane was given hers and the children's – along with permission to relocate the children from London.

Hearing the history, that attorney noticed (and Jane first learned) that Robert had not fulfilled the residency requirements for a divorce in Nevada. The attorney advised Jane that the Nevada divorce might not be valid, and that the Denmark courts should review the parties' "agreement."

Jane began proceedings in Denmark, requesting the Denmark courts review the parties' agreements as to the custody of the children. Robert participated in the mandatory mediation sessions prior to the litigation, but had his Denmark attorney file for an extension of time to file his answering pleadings.

The delay was in bad faith. During that delay, Robert hired Nevada counsel to file a Motion to compel Jane to "return" the children to Nevada, alleging that they were from this State, and were being wrongfully retained while visiting in Denmark.<sup>3</sup> Robert's *Motion* was filed on February \_\_\_, 2000, but not served on Jane *in Denmark* within the required time, or in adequate time before the hearing.<sup>4</sup>

Although Jane's foreign country attorney attempted to file a response to Robert's Motion, by fax in the very short time she had, the pleading was believed to be an ex-parte communication, and was not filed before the hearing.<sup>5</sup> The hearing was held on March \_\_ before Judge S, who attempted to confirm her jurisdiction to enter an order relating to the children. Both Robert and his attorney falsely assured the Court that Robert and the children were Nevada residents and that the Court had jurisdiction to enter orders concerning the children's custody.

The *Order* granting Robert's *Motion* was entered April \_\_\_, 2000, but it was never domesticated in Denmark, or even served on Jane. On May \_\_\_, during a visitation with the children in Robert's hotel, Robert separated the children from Jane's presence, kept Jane occupied for

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> At that time, the children had not lived within the United States for over 2½ years, and *never* lived in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> EDCR 2.20 requires all motions to be served not less than 21 days before a hearing is set.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Jane's filing attempted to inform the Court of its lack of jurisdiction over herself and the children, but the Court never read the pleading. The pleading was belatedly filed by the Clerk's Office on April 4, 2000 (after being beld for weeks), but by then the Court had made its decision.

approximately 45 minutes, and then left. Jane then discovered the children were missing, and that Robert had left an envelope at the hotel's front desk which contained the *Order* from Department G of this Court.6

Despite efforts by law enforcement, Robert managed to spirit the children out of Dehmark and into the United States with assistance from various friends and relatives. Jane immediately applied for the children's return through the Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction, Done at the Hague on 25 October 1980, International Child Abduction Remedies Act, 42 U.S.C. 11601, et seq. ("the Convention"). Denmark forwarded the application to the United States' Central Authority on May \_\_\_, 2000. The National Center for Missing and Abducted Children, which acts for the Central Authority in the United States, contacted the undersigned and requested we represent Jane in the Nevada Court as there was already ongoing litigation here (Robert's fraudulent divorce and fraudulent motion filings).

Jane's Motion for Immediate Return of Internationally Abducted Children was filed on September \_\_\_, 2000. In a preliminary hearing on September \_\_\_, the Court signed a pick-up order for the children's "return" to Las Vegas; but before it could be effectuated, Robert voluntarily brought the children to Las Vegas and placed them in Child Haven as ordered. The evidentiary hearing on the matter was held on October and , and additional briefs were supplied to the Court concerning the Hague Petition and jurisdictional questions.

The Court (Judge S) declined to make any determination under the Hague Convention in its October 25, 2000, Order. Instead, the Court acknowledged that it had no jurisdiction to enter custody decisions, released the children into their father's custody, and directed the courts of Denmark and Oklahoma to decide which court should determine custody as between the parents. Jane both appealed the district court's decision and filed an Emergency Petition for Writ of Mandamus and Writ of Prohibition on November , 2000.

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<sup>6</sup> This was Robert's attempt to lend "legal" credibility to his removal of the children from Denmark.

The Nevada Supreme Court finally entered its decision on the *Writ* on April \_\_\_\_, 2002, granting Jane's *Petition for Writ of Mandamus or Prohibition*, and directing this Court on remand to order the children returned to Jane. The *Order Pursuant to the Writ of Mandamus* was filed in open court on April \_\_\_\_, 2002. The Nevada *Order* was honored by the Oklahoma courts, and the children were released to Jane who returned them to Denmark, where they remain.

Robert continued his efforts to thwart the Nevada Supreme Court's decision by filling an appeal in the Oklahoma courts (which was eventually denied), trying to intercept the children while en route to Denmark (unsuccessfully), and then filing a Petition for Certiorari in the United States Supreme Court, which was denied on March \_\_\_, 2003. After the Oklahoma courts honored this Court's order and returned the children to Jane, Robert abandoned any pretense of following orders from the courts of that state. He has refused to obey the orders even after his appeals were denied, and is in open defiance of the Oklahoma orders (entered under their general litigation rules) to partially reimburse Jane for her fees and costs expended in the Oklahoma actions. After that fee award, Robert's continuing appeals have caused Jane to continue incurring fees and costs in Oklahoma.

Jane funded the first phases of litigation with financial aid from the Denmark government and by borrowing money from various friends and relatives. All such funds ran out long ago, and she still owes over \$67,000 to this firm and many thousands more to her attorneys in Oklahoma, in addition to the money she has been forced to spend in travel and miscellaneous expenses.<sup>7</sup>

No determination has ever been made on Nevada fees in this case, or anywhere under the Hague Convention and the federal law implementing it, the International Child Abduction Remedies Act ("ICARA"). Under those laws, Robert is to be held responsible for *all* of Jane's expenditures. Jane requests this Court make the required order now.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Please see the attached exhibits: billing statements from Jane's various legal counsel, and lists of expenses as a result of the litigation. This is discussed in greater detail below.

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4	II. ARGUMENT								
5	Authority to grant an award to Jane for her attorney's fees, costs, and necessary expenses	is							
6	provided in both the Convention and ICARA.								
7									
8	A. The Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction, Done the Hague on 25 October 1980.	at							
9	The Convention's Article 26 provides, in relevant part:								
10	Upon ordering the return of a child or issuing an order concerning rights of access under this								
11	Convention, the judicial or administrative authorities may, where appropriate, direct the person who removed or retained the child, or who prevented the exercise of rights of access,								
12	to pay necessary expenses incurred by or on behalf of the applicant, including travel expenses, any costs incurred or payments made for locating the child, the costs of legal representation of the applicant, and those of returning the child.								
14	Thus, the Convention envisions the person who wrongfully removed a child be required	to							
15	bear the costs of the child's return, and provided the deciding courts with the ability to place the	ıe							
16	burden on the respondent. While the Convention uses permissive language, ICARA goes a ste	ep							
17	further.								
18									
19	B. International Child Abduction Remedies Act								
20	Section 11607(b)(3) of ICARA requires any court ordering the return of a child under the	ıe							
21	Convention to award fees and costs to the petitioner. It states:								
22	Any court ordering the return of a child pursuant to an action brought under section 4 <i>shall</i> order the respondent to pay necessary expenses incurred by or on behalf of the petitioner,								
<ul><li>23</li><li>24</li></ul>	including court costs, legal fees, foster home or other care during the course of proceedings in the action, and transportation costs related to the return of the child, unless the respondent establishes that such order would be clearly inappropriate.								
25	(Emphasis added.) See also Feder v. Evans-Feder, 63 F.3d 217, 226 (3d Cir. 1995).								
26	(								
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Thus, the Convention states that a court *may* make an award when appropriate, and ICARA compels the court to make an award to the petitioner, unless the respondent can demonstrate the "inappropriateness" of such an award.

#### C. Purpose of the Award and Types of Fees and Costs that May be Awarded

The purpose behind the award is twofold: to place the parties in the condition in which they were prior to the wrongful removal (or retention), and to provide deterrence against future similar conduct by the wrongdoing party. See Text & Legal Analysis, 51 Fed. Reg. 10494, 10511 (1986); Roszkowski v. Roszkowska, 274 N.J. Super. 620, 644 A.2d 1150, 1160 (1993) (provisions of ICARA relating to fees referred to as a "sanction").

The types of fees and costs that have been awarded include fees for counsel in both the place from which the children were taken, and the place they were taken to, where the recovery action is heard (in this case, there are *three* jurisdictions involved – Nevada, Denmark, and (the other U.S. State) – and at least seven separate courts among those jurisdictions), travel expenses and living expenses while in the requested state, and court costs. There are no guidelines set forth in either the Convention or the ICARA as to the "appropriateness" of an award of fees, and most courts have routinely made or authorized awards of the fees and costs actually incurred, without any substantial discussion regarding the manner in which the awards should be calculated. See Wanninger v. Wanninger, 850 F. Supp. 78, 83 (D. Mass 1994); Caro v. Sher, 296 N.J. Super. 594, 687 A.2 \dagger 354, 362 (1996).

In this case, the costs and fees have been vastly magnified by Robert's litigiousness, ready willingness to abuse court processes, and pathetically self-righteous defiance.

For example, Robert refuses to comply with any part of any court order with which he does not agree – he has paid zero of the fees awarded to Jane, urged the courts of Oklahoma to distegard the orders entered by this Court, and even attempted to intercept the children while they were being returned to Denmark. But he is perfectly willing to continue filing frivolous pleadings, going so far

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as to seek certiorari in the United States Supreme Court and, most recently, filing a spurious "counterclaim" in federal court for "conspiracy" between this law office and our client (which has since been dismissed by the federal court). Robert has also asked the federal district court to disregard the holdings of the Nevada Supreme Court, and the orders of this Court, which the federal court has indicated it will not do.

A comparison illustrates the degree to which Robert's misbehavior has exacerbated costs. As detailed below, his actions have cost well over \$150,000.00 in fees and costs in actions spanning several states and two countries. This office, as the Nevada contact for the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children, handles similar matters on a regular basis, and has completed several of them at a *total* cost of \$6,000.00 to \$7,000.00. This motion is designed to ensure that the wrongdoer pays the costs he has caused.

#### D. Relationship to These Proceedings of Oklahoma Orders

When the Oklahoma trial court honored this Court's order and returned the children to Jane and to Denmark, it asked Jane for her costs, fees, and other expenses in the action there. She was unprepared for the question, and provided estimates, telling the trial judge that she was doing so.<sup>8</sup> The Oklahoma court nevertheless entered a judgment pursuant to her estimates, awarding her \$25,060.00 in travel expenses, \$20,359.00 in attorney's fees, and \$81.00 in court costs, for a total of \$45,500.00. *See* Exhibit F (the Oklahoma Order).

Subsequently, a more complete audit of her Oklahoma-related attorney's fees and court costs, and total travel expenses, revealed that as of the date of the trial court's inquiry (now a year ago), Jane *actually* had: \$14,576.20 in travel expenses (airfare, lodging, rental cars, and gas); \$5,735.48 in related expenses (groceries, entertainment, phone, clothing for the children, shipping); \$27,338.79 in attorney's fees (for Mike G., Esq., through April, 2002), and \$81.00 in court costs,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> As explained above, many of Jane's expenses were incurred in Kroners – and Jane had not at that time ranslated those sums into U.S. dollars.

with a total of \$47,731.47. *See* Exhibits B and D. Costs and fees have continued to accrue in Oklahoma since that time; incurred expenses since April, 2002, are addressed in the following section of this *Motion*.

The question presented here is how to deal with the relatively small, but known discrepancy between the sums reduced to judgment and the actual sums incurred, with a view toward the doctrine of full faith and credit. As the Nevada Supreme Court and the United States Supreme Court have recognized, this was the appropriate Court to render the Hague Convention ruling. Thus, this is the Court that should enter the award required by ICARA, and the fees incurred Oklahoma should be part of the order entered by this Court, one way or another as part of the "court costs and legal fees [incurred] during the course of proceedings in the action."

More precisely, our judgment should include any costs or fees incurred in Oklahoma for three reasons: (1) this Court should enter an order under ICARA for all sums incurred in the Hague proceedings, wherever incurred; (2) to avoid any possibility of conflicting or competing judgments; and (3) to simplify collection proceedings once we eventually run Robert to ground.

We are perfectly willing to have this Court either recognize and incorporate the existing Oklahoma judgment in making its award, or to enter a corrected order, stating in the record that we have done so and that only a single collection will be sought in any collection proceeding.<sup>9</sup>

If the Court elects to honor the Oklahoma judgment as written, then the total sum that we are asking to have reduced to judgment is \$50,050.00 as of April 17, 2003.<sup>10</sup> If the Court elects to

<sup>9</sup> We note again that Robert has ignored the Oklahoma orders, and paid zero of the sums he has been ordered to pay. In fact, he fled (the other U.S. State) entirely, and is now believed to be hiding out in Iowa, using a post office box as his address in court filings. While Robert is perfectly willing to use, misuse, and abuse the legal system in pursuit of his goals when convenient, he has entirely refused to abide by the terms of any court order with which he does not agree. If his defiance of the existing court orders continues to the time this matter is heard, we ask that the Court disregard any defense he may try to interpose, and grant judgment in accordance with the fugitive discriticlement doctrine. See Guerin v. Guerin, 116 Nev. 210, 993 P.2d 1256 (2000) (party cannot simultaneously remain in contemptuous disregard of existing court orders, and seek relief from the courts).

The Oklahoma judgment, on its own terms, calls for three sums reduced to judgment therein to accrue in the state of the st

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17, 2003. In either case, we ask that it be expressly made collectible by all lawful means, noting that it incorporates and includes sums reduced to judgment in Oklahoma to ensure that there is no double collection.

use the corrected numbers, then the total we ask be reduced to judgment is \$52,504.62, as of April

#### Ε. **Actual Costs and Expenses**

Since the time that (other U.S. State-only) fees and costs sums were reduced to judgment in Oklahoma, there have been additional sums incurred in the ongoing actions there filed by Robert while he evades the existing orders against him. The order from this Court should expressly include the additional bill from attorney Mike Gr., Esq. since May 1, 2002, of \$4,704.74 and from attorney Heather L, Esq. of \$14,246.36. The total of attorney's fees bills from Oklahoma, since the prior sums were reduced to judgment, and through March, 2003, is \$18,951.10, which should be reduced to judgment at this time.

To make the record here complete, Jane has provided attorney bills from: the LAW OFFICE OF MARSHAL S. WILLICK, P.C., for the District Court and Nevada Supreme Court<sup>12</sup> (\$96,862.81), and

simply put, \$45,500.00 + \$4,550.00 = \$50,050.00. While it reduces the sum of interest accruing somewhat, Jage s willing to roll all of these sums into the requested Nevada judgment, for ease and simplicity of calculation and collection.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Pursuant to the same math as set out in the preceding note, \$47,731.47 + \$4,773.15 = \$52,504.62.

<sup>20</sup> <sup>12</sup> In Nevada, attorney's fees are not considered part of the common law, but are creatures of statute, so that te not compensable unless there is some specific statutory basis for such an award. See, e.g., Von Ehrensmann v. Let, 98 Nev. 335, 647 P.2d 377 (1982). However, fees are recoverable where called for by statute, or when at region by sees may be considered as an item of damage. Clark County School District v. Rolling Plains Construction, Inc., 117 Nev. \_\_\_, 16 P.3d 1079 (Adv. Op. No. 10, Feb. 5, 2001); American Fed. Musicians v. Read's Riverside, 86 Nev. 695, 699, 475 P.2d 220, 222 (1970). It is for that reason that, generally, fees on appeal are not recoverable in district court. See Korbel v. Korbel, 101 Nev. 140, 696 P.2d 993 (1985). However, all such Les re recoverable in this case because of the specific statutory authorization granted by ICARA, which would supersede any common law limitation in any event as a matter of federal pre-emption, the subject matter of international treaties being by nature a federal function. As a general procedural matter, the Nevada Supreme Court has carified that a district court can award fees in a post-judgment motion in a divorce case. See Love v. Love, 114 🛚 & & v. | 572, 959 P.2d 523 (1998); Leeming v. Leeming, 87 Nev. 530, 490 P.2d 342 (1971). In this case, some \$44, 73.74 of the total fees and costs incurred with this firm (\$37,846.00 in fees, and \$6,327.74 in costs) were ndurred during the appellate proceedings.

Jane has also provided receipts for her telephone bills incurred both by keeping in communication with her children, and in calls to her Nevada and Oklahoma attorneys, totaling \$1,144.10 (Jane also incurred a cellular bill of approximately \$300.00, which was too difficult to break down, but the documentation can be provided if the Court desires to have it); and shipment and postage costs to both her children and her attorneys, totaling \$671.24.

In other words, we ask the Court at this time to reduce to judgment the following:

\$18,951.10 in additional bills from Oklahoma counsel since the prior judgment.

\$96,862.81 in our fees and costs in this Court and the Nevada Supreme Court.

\$19,869.28 in our fees and costs in the United States Supreme Court.

\$3,000.00 in fees Jane incurred in litigation costs in Denmark.

These fees and costs total \$138,683.19 (the \$20,311.68 for expenses beyond her attorney fees and court costs is included in the Oklahoma Order).

To this sum should be added the corrected sum from the earlier Oklahoma proceedings, brought forward to April 17, 2003, of \$52,504.62, for a total judgment of \$191,187.81. If the Court elects not to correct the Oklahoma judgment, but to honor it as written, then the additional sum from that judgment is \$50,050.00, and the total judgment would be \$188,733.19.

One sum or the other should be reduced to judgment, collectible by all lawful means, and note that it incorporates and includes sums reduced to judgment in Oklahoma to ensure that there is no double collection.

#### F. Request for Order Releasing Information

Our investigation and discovery has continued. Recently, we were informed that the passports Robert used in perpetrating his kidnap of the children were obtained by him illegally in a foreign country, based on a fraudulent application. Confirmation, for the purpose of a potential further claim for statutory and other damages, requires a court order for release of non-redacted information from the U.S. State Department. A proposed order is attached as Exhibit G.

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4	III. CONCLUSION
5	It has already been determined that Robert wrongfully removed the Doe children from their
6	habitual residence, and then vigorously resisted, through both subterfuge and the vigorous (actually,
7	excessive) court filings anywhere he thought he might gain a foothold, Jane's efforts to have the
8	children returned through the Convention. Jane had to litigate this matter in (the other U.S. State)
9	and Denmark, as well as Nevada, which resulted in substantial delay and greatly escalated Jane's
10	fees and costs. An order compensating Jane is mandated by federal law.
11	Therefore, Jane respectfully requests this Court order Robert to pay her \$191,187.81 (or
12	\$188,733.19, if the Court elects not to correct the Oklahoma judgment) in attorney's fees and costs,
13	and additional expenses incurred,15 plus interest until paid in full.
14	Additionally, Jane asks the Court to sign the separate order permitting non-reducted
15	information to be released, so that the truth can be known as to Robert's further fraud in procuring
16	the passports he used in his perpetration of the kidnap.
17	<b>DATED</b> this day of April, 2003.
18	Respectfully submitted by:
19	Law Office of Marshal S. Willick, P.C.
20	
21	MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESQ.
22	Nevada Bar No. 002515 3551 E. Bonanza Road, Suite 101
23	Las Vegas, Nevada 89110-2198 (702) 438-4100
24	Attorneys for the Defendant
25	
26	15

15 There is an additional attorney's bill from Ms. Elisabeth H. in Denmark, from whom we have not yet been oprocure the billing statements. These statements will be supplemented to the Court when they are received.

1	AFFIDAVIT OF ATTORNEY
2	STATE OF NEVADA )
3	COUNTY OF CLARK ) ss:
4	Marshal S. Willick, Esq., first being duly sworn, deposes and says:
5	I am an attorney licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada, and the United States District
6	Court District of Nevada, and am one of the Nevada attorneys for Ms. Jane Doe, the Defendant
7	in the above matter. Pursuant to NRS 15.010 this affidavit is being made on behalf of Jane because
8	she is absent from the State of Nevada, County of Clark.
9	We have attached a redacted copy of Jane's billing statement, along with bills from both her
10	counsel in Oklahoma (the Denmark counsel's bill will be supplemented), and a list of costs in curred
11	during the course of this litigation. We are in possession of the receipts; if the Court requires any
12	further documentation, we will be happy to provide it.
13	I have read the preceding filing and know the contents thereof as true, except as to the matters
14	that are stated therein on my information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe them to be
15	true. I declare under penalties of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing
16	is true and correct.
17	
18	MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESQ.
19	
20	SIGNED and SWORN to before me this day of April, 2003.
21	
22	NOTARY PUBLIC in and for said
23	County and State
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	-50-

1		EXHIBITS
2	A.	Redacted billing statement for Jane from the LAW OFFICE OF MARSHAL S. WILLICK,
3	A.	P.C.
4	В.	Redacted billing statement for Mike G., Esq. of Oklahoma.
5	C.	Billing statement for Heather L., Esq. of Oklahoma.
6	D.	List of associated expenses incurred by Jane.
7	E.	Universal Currency Converter – printout from Website.
8	F.	Oklahoma Order granting Jane fees.
9	G.	Proposed Order to Release Non Redacted Information.
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LAW OFFICE OF MARSHAL S. WILLICK, P.C. 3551 East Bonanza Road Suite 101 Las Vegas, NV 89110-2198 (702) 438-4100

# **APPENDIX 10**

2 8

LAW OFFICE OF

MARSHAL S. WILLICK, P.C.
3551 East Bonanza Road
Suite 101

Las Vegas, NV 89110-2198
(702) 438-4100

LAW OFFICE OF MARSHAL S. WILLICK, P.C. 1 MARSHAL S. WILLICK, ESO. Nevada Bar No. 002515 2 3551 E. Bonanza Road, Suite 101 Las Vegas, NV 89110-2198 3 (702) 438-4100, Facsimile (702) 438-5311 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 4 5 6 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 7 DISTRICT OF NEVADA 8 9 10 JANE DOE, CASE NO: 123123 individually and as Guardian of 11 L DOE and K DOE, minor children, 12 13 Plaintiffs, 14 VS. 15 ROBERT DOE, **COMPLAINT** AND GEORGE DOE, 16 MARY SMITH, DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL ATTORNEY X, 17 ATTORNEY Y, LAW FIRM Z 18 JOHN DOES INDIVIDUALLY, 1 THROUGH 50, 19 DOE CORPORATIONS, 1 THROUGH 50, 20 Defendants. 21 Plaintiffs complain of the defendants, and each of them, and for causes of action alleges and 22 says that: 23 JURISDICTION AND VENUE 2.4 1. This action arises under the Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child 25 Abduction, done at the Hague on October 25, 1980, and its implementing legislation, the 26 International Child Abduction Remedies Act ("ICARA"), 42 U.S.C. §§ 11601-11610, the 27

Racketeering Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act, 18 U.S.C. § 1961, and by reason of federal

question and diversity jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 & 1332 on the basis of the claims made below.

- 2. This action is brought seeking redress for Intentional Interference with Custodial Rights, Intentional Fraud upon the Court, Child Abduction, Wrongful Concealment, False Imprisonment, Civil Conspiracy, Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress, Abuse of Process, Negligence, Violation of Rico, Negligent Conduct by the Misrepresentation of Material Facts, Malpractice, Punitive Damages, and Special Damages. This Court has jurisdiction and venue is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332 & 1391.
- 3. A substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims set forth herein occurred within the District of Nevada, and venue within the District of Nevada is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1391.
- 4. Plaintiff is the biological mother and guardian of the subject minors, and at all times material herein had a right to, and was actually exercising, custody of the minor children within the meaning of Articles Three and Five of the Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction, done at Hague on October 25, 1980 ("Convention"). At all times material here in, the minor children were habitual residents of the Country of Denmark within the meaning of Article Three of the Convention, immediately before their removal from the Country of Denmark by one or more of the Defendants. Plaintiff is a citizen of the Country of Denmark, and the Defendants are citizens of the U. S. States of Oklahoma, Idaho, and the Country of Denmark The matter in controversy exceeds, exclusive of interest and costs, the sum specified in 28 U.S.C. § 1332.

#### **PARTIES**

Plaintiffs –

- (a) Jane Doe
- (b) L Doe, DOB May , 1991
- (c) K Doe, DOB February , 1995

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1	Defendants –							
2	(a) Robert Doe							
3	(b) George Doe							
4	(c) Mary Smith							
5	(d) Attorney X							
6	(e) Attorney Y							
7	(f) Law Firm Z							
8	(g) John Does Individually 1 through 50							
9	(h) Doe Corporations, 1 through 50							
10								
11	FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF – Intentional Interference with Child Custody							
12	5. Plaintiffs incorporate and reallege each of the preceding paragraphs as though full							
13	set forth at this point.							
14	6. Plaintiff Jane Doe ("Jane") and Defendant Robert Doe ("Robert") were married							
15	1990 in the state of Utah.							
16	7. Plaintiffs L Doe, DOB May, 1991 and K Doe, DOB February, 199							
17	(collectively, "the children") are the natural children of Jane and Robert Doe, were born in the							
18	United States, and hold joint U.S. and Denmark citizenship.							
19	8. Jane and Robert Doe separated while living in England in 1998, after Jane received							
20	a British Court Order specifically granting her custody of the children, possession of the children							
21	passports, and permission to relocate with them to Denmark.							
22	9. Jane and the children traveled to Denmark on July 13, 1998, and remained the							
23	together for nearly two years, until May 2000.							
24	10. On July 14, 1998, Robert Doe signed a verified complaint for divorce.							
25	11. Robert Doe's divorce paperwork was prepared for him by, in conjunction with,							
26	under the supervision of, attorney X of Las Vegas, Nevada.							
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12.	Robert Doe's	divorce	paperwork	was	filed in	the	Eighth	Judicial	District	Cour	rt in
Clark County,	Nevada, on A	ugust,	, 1998.								

- 13. Robert Doe's complaint alleged that he, the plaintiff, was a resident of Nevada and that he had been physically present in Nevada for more than six weeks prior to the filing of the complaint and that he had the intention of making Nevada his home for an indefinite period of time.
- 14. In fact, Robert Doe was only in Las Vegas for a period of days, and he departed Las Vegas on July 22, 1998, and returned to London, England. Robert Doe has never been a resident of the State of Nevada.
- 15. The district court in Clark County, without a hearing, entered a decree of divorce on August , 1998.
- 16. In late 1999, Jane commenced legal proceedings in Denmark to allow her to remain with the children in Denmark. Robert Doe participated in Denmark's proceedings.
- 17. In February 2000, Robert Doe filed a motion in the district court in Clark County, seeking physical custody of the children, a finding that Jane was in contempt of the court and an order for the immediate production of the children.
- 18. That motion included a false claim asserting Nevada residence of the children, specifically, that Jane had refused to "move the children *back* to Nevada."
- 19. Robert Doe's motion was prepared for him by, in conjunction with, or under the supervision of, attorney Y of Las Vegas, Nevada.
- 20. Attorney Y communicated with Robert Doe's foreign counsel on at least one occasion.
- 21. At the hearing before Judge S at which his motion was heard, on or about March \_\_\_, 2000, Robert Doe falsely represented to the court that the children had lived in Nevada "all their lives."
- 22. At the same hearing, Attorney Attorney Y falsely represented to the court that the children had "lived in Las Vegas prior to leaving for Denmark," and that the children had been

"removed" from their "home" in Las Vegas for a "visit" to Denmark, but that Jane had refused to "return" to Las Vegas.

- 23. The asserted "facts" by Robert Doe and attorney Attorney Y at the hearing were false.
- 24. On March\_\_\_, 2000, based on the false representations of fact, Judge S granted Robert Doe's motion, granting him custody of the children and holding Jane in contempt. The formal court order so stating was filed on April \_\_\_, 2000.
- 25. At all times relevant hereto, attorney Attorney Y was a partner in and employee of the law firm of Law Firm Z
- 26. In May 2000, Robert Doe met Jane, her fiancé, KP, and the children at a hotel in City, Denmark. After dining, the adults and the children went to Robert Doe's hotel suite because Robert Doe said he wanted to give one minor child a birthday gift. Once inside the suite, Robert Doe took the children into an adjoining room to give them a "surprise," leaving Jane waiting out of view of the children.
- 27. Without Jane's knowledge, Robert Doe kidnaped both children, removing them from the hotel suite through a different doorway than the one he had entered with Jane, and removing the children from the hotel, to a waiting car, and out of Denmark.
- 28. Robert Doe transported the children internationally and across state lines within the United States to a residence in State in U.S. owned by one or more of the Defendants.
- 29. Robert Doe was directly or indirectly assisted in his kidnaping of the children and his intentional interference with Jane's custodial rights by Defendants George Doe, Mary Smith, attorneys Attorney X and Attorney Y, the law firm of Law Firm Z, John Does Individually 1 through 50, and Doe Corporations, 1 through 50.
- 30. On April 11, 2002, the Nevada Supreme Court issued its *Opinion* in *Doe v. Doe* (cite omitted), in which the court found that Robert Doe was never a resident of the State of Nevada, and had falsely so claimed in both his original divorce paperwork and his later motion seeking custody of the children. The court also found that the children have never lived in Nevada, and that the lower

LAW OFFICE OF

court never had subject matter or personal jurisdiction to enter any kind of order relating to child custody. The court found that the children are habitual residents of Denmark, that Robert Doe wrongfully removed them from Denmark, and that Robert Doe took custody of the children under an invalid order. The Nevada Supreme Court issued a writ of mandamus compelling the district court to vacate those portions of its decree relating to custody and visitation and to order the children's return to Denmark.

- 31. On April \_\_\_, 2002, the Nevada district court issued its order pursuant to the Writ of Mandamus, stating in part that "all provisions of the *Decree of Divorce* filed August \_\_\_, 1998, bearing on custody and visitation of the children at issue, or incorporating the custody and visitation terms of the parties' "agreement" dated July \_\_\_, 1998, are hereby void and unenforceable, and have been vacated. All aspects of the *Orders* entered April \_\_\_, 2000, and October \_\_\_, 2000, are invalid and void in their entirety."
- 32. Defendants intentionally interfered with Jane's custodial rights, by wrongfully, fraudulently, and maliciously abducting the minor children from the Country of Denmark and transporting them to the United States, and as a result of such interference, Jane suffered damages.
- 33. Defendants' interference with Jane's custodial rights continued until April \_\_\_, 2002, when the children were returned to Jane's custody pursuant to U.S. State court order giving full faith and credit to the Nevada order filed on April \_\_\_, 2002.
  - 34. Defendants' actions are the actual and proximate cause of Plaintiffs' damages.
- 35. By reason of Defendants' intentional interference with Jane's custodial rights, Jane and the children suffered financial damages in excess of \$75,000 and emotional and physical damages.

#### SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF – Violation of International Treaty

36. Plaintiffs incorporate and reallege each of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth at this point.

- 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21
- Defendants, (except Attorney X) from on or about February , 2000, and up to and 37. including on or about April, 2002, acted in violation of Articles Three and Five of the Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction, done at the Hague on October 25, 1980 ("Convention"), which entered into force on December 1, 1983, by filing fraudulent documentation and making false statement to the court to receive an order that would give the illusion of a lawful pick-up order, wrongfully retaining the minor children of plaintiff following their abduction from the Country of Denmark and transportation to the United States, and as a result of such interference, Jane and the children suffered financial damages in excess of the jurisdictional threshold and emotional and physical damages.
- 38. Robert Doe, George Doe, Mary Smith, Attorney Y, Law Firm Z, and other unknown Defendant' actions are the actual and proximate cause of Plaintiffs' damages.
- 39. Defendants' violation of the Convention, and the wrongful removal of the children from their custodial parent, gives rise to grounds for an award of fees and costs pursuant to Article 26 of the Convention, and 42 U.S.C. § 11607.
- 40. To whatever extent Plaintiffs, or any of them, have suffered any damages because of Defendants' violation of the Convention and federal statutes recited herein that is not fully compensated under another claim for relief, the Convention and federal statutes should be construed so as to give rise to a private cause of action by which Plaintiffs can be made whole for Defendants' violation of that Convention and those statutes.

## THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF – Malpractice

- Plaintiffs incorporate and reallege each of the preceding paragraphs as though fully 41. set forth at this point.
- Defendant, Attorney X, is, and was at all times material herein, an attorney duly 42. licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada, and in such position did, on or about July , 1998, intentionally, improperly and negligently used the skills required of an attorney resulting in the

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perpetration of a fraud upon the Eighth Judicial District Court in and for the County of Clark. State of Nevada by preparing, or causing to be prepared, legal pleadings and documents, including a "Complaint for Divorce," containing false material facts and information in the matter of *Doe v. Doe* 

- 43. Defendant Attorney X violated the Rules of Professional Responsibility and the Rules of Civil Procedure by affixing his name to documents containing false assertions of fact.
- 44. The preparation of documents, affixing of the attorney's name, and filing of those documents were in furtherance of an attorney-client relationship between Robert Doe and Defendant Attorney X, constituted a failure to perform the attorney's duty, and was a proximate cause of the damages suffered by Plaintiffs.
- 45. As a result of Attorney X's negligent or intentional presentation of false information to a court, Jane and the children suffered financial damages in excess of \$75,000 and emotional and physical damages.

# FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF – Malpractice

- 46. Plaintiffs incorporate and reallege each of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth at this point.
- 47. Defendant Attorney Y, is, and was at all times material herein, an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada, and at all times material here was a partner in and employee of the law firm of Law Firm Z, and in such position did, on or about February and March, 2000, intentionally, improperly and negligently use the skills required of an attorney resulting in the perpetration of a fraud upon the Eighth Judicial District Court in and for the County of Clark. State of Nevada by preparing, or causing to be prepared, legal pleadings and documents, including (pleadings omitted) containing false material facts and information in the matter of *Doe v. Doe*.

- 48. Defendant Attorney Y violated the Rules of Professional Responsibility and the Rules of Civil Procedure by affixing his name to documents containing false assertions of fact, and in making false representations of fact at a court hearing.
- 49. The preparation of documents, affixing of the attorney's name, filing of those documents, and making of false representations were in furtherance of an attorney-client relationship between Robert Doe and Defendants Attorney Y and the law firm of Law Firm Z, constituted a failure to perform the attorney's duty, and was a proximate cause of the damages suffered by Plaintiffs.
- 50. As a result of the negligent or intentional presentation of false information to a court by Defendants Attorney Y and the law firm of Law Firm Z, Jane and the children suffered financial damages in excess of \$75,000 and emotional and physical damages.

#### FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF- Intentional Fraud Upon the Court

- 51. Plaintiffs incorporate and reallege each of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth at this point.
- 52. Defendants' intentional and fraudulent acts upon the court constituted an abuse of process with the goal of intentionally harming Plaintiffs.
- 53. Defendants Robert Doe and Attorney X intentionally committed fraud upon the Eighth Judicial District Court in and for the County of Clark, State of Nevada by filing, or causing to be filed, the "Complaint for Divorce," affidavits, and supporting and related documents specified above containing false material facts and information in the matter of *Doe v. Doe*, and as a result of those intentional fraudulent acts, Jane and the children suffered financial damages in excess of \$75,000 and emotional and physical damages.
- 54. Defendants Robert Doe, Attorney Y, and the law firm of Law Firm Z, intentionally committed fraud upon the Eighth Judicial District Court in and for the County of Clark, State of Nevada by filing, or causing to be filed, the motion entitled "*Plaintiff's Motion for an Order*

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Directing Defendant to Appear and Show Cause [etc.]" and supporting and related documents, and supporting and related documents specified above containing false material facts and information in the matter of *Doe v. Doe*, and making false allegations of fact at the resulting hearing in support of that motion, and as a result of those intentional fraudulent acts, Jane and the children suffered financial damages in excess of \$75,000 and emotional and physical damages.

#### SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF – Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress

- 55. Plaintiffs incorporate and reallege each of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth at this point.
- 56. The actions by Defendants Robert Doe, George Doe, Mary Smith, Attorney Y, Law Firm Z, and other unknown parties, acting alone or in concert, of forcefully removing the said minor children from Jane's care and custody, were extreme and outrageous conduct.
- 57. Said actions by said Defendants were either intended to or were in reckless distegard for causing emotional distress on the part of the Plaintiffs, and were the actual and proximate cause of infliction of emotional distress upon Plaintiffs, causing Jane to suffer from symptoms of nausea, diarrhea, ulcer-like stomach pain, sleeplessness, and weight loss requiring both medical and psychological treatments, and Kaia to suffer symptoms including nightmares and an unreasonable fear of being again forcefully removed from her mother, resulting in the need for orgoing psychological treatments.
- 58. As a result of that intentional infliction of emotional distress, Jane and the children suffered financial damages in excess of \$75,000 and emotional and physical damages.

#### SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF – Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress

59. Plaintiffs incorporate and reallege each of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth at this point.

60. To whatever extent the proof is not sufficient to establish that the action	ns by
Defendants Robert Doe, George Doe, Mary Smith, Attorney Y, Law Firm Z, and other unknown	nowr
parties, acting alone or in concert, of filing fraudulent court documents, providing false inform	natior
to the courts, planning, and physically and financially assisting in forcefully removing the said	mino
children from Jane's care and custody, abducting the children from the hotel room in which Jan	e was
present, and keeping the children from Jane and from attending public school for approximate	y two
years, were not intentional under law, then to that extent all such acts negligently cause	d the
infliction of emotional distress causing Jane to suffer from symptoms of nausea, diarrhea, ulce	r-like
stomach pain, sleeplessness, and weight loss requiring both medical and psychological treatments	nents
and Kaia to suffer symptoms including nightmares and an unreasonable fear of being again force	efully
removed from her mother, resulting in the need for ongoing psychological treatments.	

61. As a result of that negligent infliction of emotional distress, Jane and the children suffered financial damages in excess of \$75,000 and emotional and physical damages.

# EIGHTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF - Child Abduction

- 62. Plaintiffs incorporate and reallege each of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth at this point.
- 63. Defendants Robert Doe, George Doe, Mary Smith, and other unknown individuals willfully seized, confined, inveigled, enticed, decoyed, abducted, concealed, kidnapped or carried away the children by removing them from the custody and care of their mother, from City, Denmark to the United States with the intent to hold and detain them.
- 64. Defendants Attorney Y and Dempsey, Roberts, & Smith, LTD., by filing fraudulent court documents in order to assist in the perpetration of the kidnaping, aided and abetted the commission of the child abductions.
- 65. Defendants, and each of them, by reason of the acts specified above, have committed, or aided and abetted the commission of child abduction, by which they should each be found jointly

and severally liable to Jane and the children for financial damages in excess of \$75,000 and emotional and physical damages.

## NINTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF - Wrongful Concealment

- 66. Plaintiffs incorporate and reallege each of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth at this point.
- 67. By agreement of the parties, Jane was to have primary physical custody of the children until the children reached the age of ten.
- 68. Defendants Robert Doe, Attorney Y, Law Firm Z, George Doe, Mary Smith, knew or should have known that Jane had custody of the minor children.
- 69. Defendants Robert Doe, George Doe, Mary Smith, and other unknown individuals knew or should have known of the location of the children after they were kidnaped, but neither reported their knowledge to the authorities nor responded to Jane's requests for information and assistance in locating the children.
- 70. Robert Doe, having a limited right to access to or custody of the children, in breach of the parties' agreement, willfully concealed the whereabouts of the children from Jane, who had legal and physical custody of the children, with the intent to deprive Jane of the parent and child relationship.
- 71. Defendants George Doe, Mary Smith, and other unknown individuals aided and abetted the wrongful concealment by providing assistance in the planning, physical removal, transportation, concealment, or lodging of Robert Doe or the children after the kidnaping, or by providing financial assistance for those acts, or by not contacting a law enforcement agency or an agency which provides child welfare services to report the abduction of the children, or by not providing to Jane with information regarding the children's location upon her requests.
- 72. Defendants, and each of them, by reason of the acts specified above, have committed, or aided and abetted the commission of wrongful concealment of the children, by which they should

each be found jointly and severally liable to Jane and the children for financial damages in excess of \$75,000 and physical damages.

#### TENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF – False Imprisonment

- 73. Plaintiffs incorporate and reallege each of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth at this point.
- 74. Defendants Robert Doe, George Doe, Mary Smith, and other unknown defendants, by acts and/or omissions specified in this Complaint, intentionally violated the children's personal liberty by confining, detaining, aiding, or abetting of the confining and detaining of the children without sufficient legal authority or actual or implied consent by the children or Jane.
- 75. Defendants, and each of them, by reason of the acts and/or omissions specified above, have committed, or aided and abetted the commission of, false imprisonment of the children, by which they should each be found jointly and severally liable to Jane and the children for financial damages in excess of \$75,000 and emotional and physical damages.

#### ELEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF – Civil Conspiracy

- 76. Plaintiffs incorporate and reallege each of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth at this point.
  - 77. Defendants, and each of them, acted in a concerted effort by:
- A. Defendants Robert Doe and Attorney X, knew or should have known that the State of Nevada did not have personal jurisdiction or subject matter jurisdiction of the original divorce or child custody action, and planned with and assisted Robert Doe in committing a fraud against the court.
- B. Defendants Robert Doe, Attorney Y, and Law Firm Z, knew or should have known that the State of Nevada did not have personal jurisdiction or subject matter jurisdiction over the issue of child custody, and planned and assisted in committing a fraud against the court, thus

assisting in the kidnapping of the children and/or the concealment of the children from their lawful physical custodian.

- C. All remaining named and unknown Defendants, formed and agreed upon a scheme by which to abduct the children from Denmark, abuse the process of the courts, and interfere with the custodial rights of Jane.
- 78. Defendants, and each of them, by the specific acts recounted above, engaged in concerted action intended to accomplish the unlawful purpose of removal of the children from Jane's custody, because of which conspiracy they should each be found jointly and severally liable to Jane and the children for financial damages in excess of \$75,000 and emotional and physical damages.

#### TWELFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF – Aiding and Abetting

- 79. Plaintiffs incorporate and reallege each of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth at this point.
- 80. Defendants, and each of them, intentionally assisted in the commission and furtherance of committing a fraud against the court, of child abduction, of falsely imprisoning the children, wrongfully concealing the children from the custodial parent, violating an international treaty, committing a civil conspiracy, and abusing the process of the court, by assisting in the filing of fraudulent court documents, assisting in the planning of the abduction of the children, assisting in the physical abduction of the children before, during and after the kidnap, and/or financially assisting the abduction of the children.
- 81. Defendants, and each of them, by reason of the acts specified above, aided and abetted the commission of the tortious wrongs committed against Jane and the children by way of providing advice, aid and comfort, false testimony, financial and other support, or living quarters at such places as the children were wrongfully kept away from Jane, by which they should each be found jointly and severally liable to Jane and the children for financial damages in excess of \$75,000 and emotional and physical damages.

#### THIRTEENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF – Abuse of Process

- 82. Plaintiffs incorporate and reallege each of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth at this point.
- 83. Defendants Robert Doe, Attorney X, James Attorney Y, and Law Firm Z, George Doe, and Mary Smith, schemed, prepared false documents, made false representations to the courts and the Plaintiffs, and acted to frustrate Plaintiffs' rightful due process for the purpose of obtaining an order granting physical custody of the children to aid Robert Doe in the crossing of international borders and depriving Plaintiffs of one another's company.
- 84. The actions by Defendants were not for the purpose of legitimately resolving a legal dispute, but sought to misuse the legal process of the courts to obtain relief to which they knew or should have known that they were not entitled, because of a failure of jurisdiction or otherwise.
- 85. Defendants, and each of them, by reason of the acts specified above, have committed, or aided and abetted the commission of abuse of process, by which they should each be found jointly and severally liable to Jane and the children for financial damages in excess of \$75,000 and emotional and physical damages.

### FOURTEENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF - FEDERAL RICO

- 86. Plaintiffs incorporate and reallege each of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth at this point.
- 87. Defendants Robert Doe, George Doe, Mary Smith, and other unknown defendants, have committed, conspired or aided and abetted the commission of kidnapping the children, by way of the specific acts detailed above, and by misusing passports to wrongfully transport the children from Denmark to the United States (Title 18 § 1544), making a false statement in order to obtain replacement passports for the children (Title 18 § 1542), using false information in order to obtain passports as a form of identification cards for the children (Title 18 § 1028), and obstructing justice by not notifying Jane or authorities of the location of the children (Title 18 § 1503) with the same

or similar pattern, intents, results, accomplices, victim, or methods of commission, and/or actions otherwise interrelated by distinguishing characteristics and not isolated incidents, which would constitute crimes related to a pattern of racketeering activity including at least two racketeering acts, and therefore are liable for violation of the Racketeering Influenced and Corrupt Organization's Act, 18 U.S.C. § 1961.

88. As a result of the racketeering activities described above, Jane and the children suffered financial damages in excess of \$75,000 and emotional and physical damages, for which all enumerated Defendants should be found jointly and severally liable.

### FIFTEENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF - Negligence

- 89. Plaintiffs incorporate and reallege each of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth at this point.
- 90. Defendants Robert Doe, George Doe, Mary Smith, and other unknown defendants had a duty not to violate the law, give false testimony to the courts, abuse process, abduct the children, conceal the children, and withhold the children from Jane's custody.
- 91. Defendants Attorney X, Attorney Y, and Law Firm Z, had a duty to conduct a reasonable investigation into the facts and law surrounding Robert Doe's claims to ascertain if the claim or suit he requested would be properly brought, prior to making such filings.
  - 92. Defendants, and each of them, breached these duties.
- 93. Defendants' breach of those duties were the actual and the proximate cause of Plaintiffs' damages.
- 94. Defendants, and each of them, by reason of the acts specified above, committed, or aided and abetted the commission of the tort of negligence per se, by reason of which they should each be found jointly and severally liable to Jane and the children for financial damages in excess of \$75,000 and emotional and physical damages.

#### SIXTEENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF – STATE RICO

- 95. Plaintiffs incorporate and reallege each of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth at this point.
- 96. Defendants Robert Doe, George Doe, Mary Smith, and other unknown defendants, engaged in racketeering activity when they committed, conspired to commit, or aided and abetted the acts specified above and the commission of kidnapping the children, committing perjury and/or the subornation of perjury, and offering false evidence, which constituted at least two crimes related to racketeering having the same or a similar pattern, intent, result, accomplices, victims, or methods of commission, or are otherwise interrelated by distinguishing characteristics, which were not isolated incidents, and which occurred between February, 2000, and April, 2002, and therefore are liable for violation of NRS §§ 207.350-207.520.
- 97. As a result of the racketeering activities described above, Jane and the children suffered financial damages in excess of \$75,000 and emotional and physical damages.

#### **DAMAGES**

- 98. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful acts, Jane has been daused to expend money to locate, travel to, visit with, and recover custody of her children, and has been specially damaged in an amount in excess of \$75,000.
- 99. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful acts, Jane and the children have suffered great anxiety and mental distress, all to her general damage in a sum in excess of \$75,000.
- 100. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful acts, Jane and the children have suffered great anxiety and physical, mental, and psychological distress, incurring special damages for medical and other care to be more specifically detailed and proven at trial, all to her damage in a sum in excess of \$75,000.

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101. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful acts, Jane has been caused to retain the services of attorneys at multiple locations to prosecute claims for the recovery of the children, and she is entitled to recovery of all attorney's fees not actually recovered as part and parcel of the earlier actions.

- 102. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful acts, Jane has been caused to retain the services of an attorney to prosecute this action, by reason of which she is entitled to recover her reasonable attorney's fees and costs.
- 103. For the damages and injuries suffered, Jane and the children are entitled to punitive damages, attorney's fees in trial and appellate courts, and reasonable costs of litigation incurred.

1	<u>PRAYER</u>							
2	WHEREFORE, plaintiff respectfully prays the Court grant the following relief:							
3	1. For general damages in excess of \$75,000.							
4	2. For special damages in an amount in excess of \$75,000.							
5	3. For punitive damages in excess of \$75,000.							
6	4. For Attorney's Fees and costs incurred herein.							
7	5. For prejudgment interest on sums awarded.							
8	6. For any and all other relief deemed just and proper by the Court.							
9	Plaintiff demands trial by jury.							
10	DATED this day of February, 2003.							
11	Law Office of Marshal S. Willick, P.C	١.						
12								
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